# Influences on uptake and engagement with health and wellbeing smartphone apps: a mixed-methods systematic review.

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## **1. BACKGROUND**

- Digital behaviour change interventions, such as smartphone apps, could provide an effective and cost-effective way to improve and maintain good physical and mental health.
- However, uptake and engagement with these are currently low, and individuals tend to select apps according to their popularity, rather than quality or clinical effectiveness.
- Understanding influences on uptake and engagement can inform interventions to increase use.

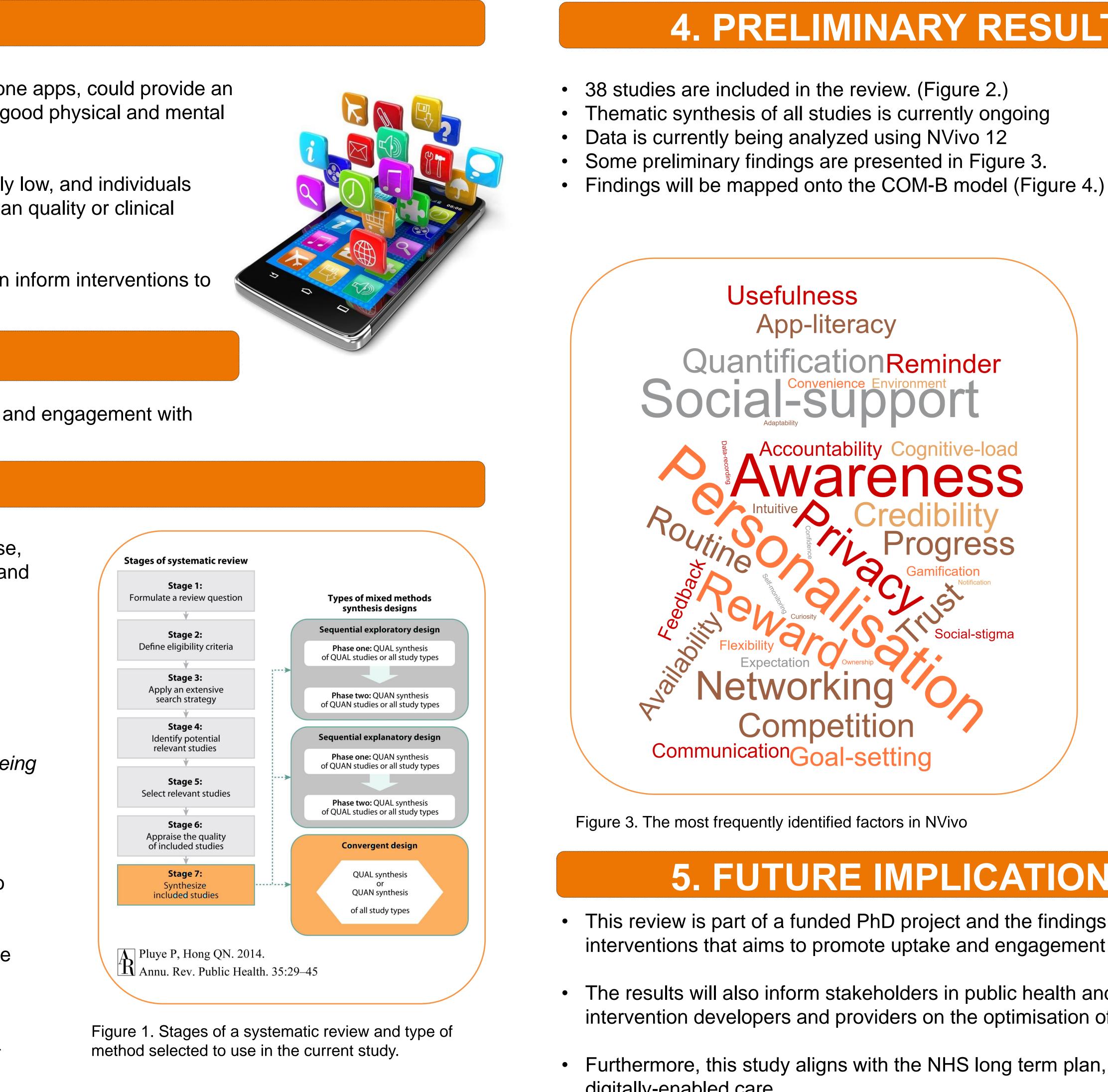
#### **2. AIM**

• To synthesise what is known about influences on uptake and engagement with health and wellbeing smartphone apps amongst adults.

### **3. METHODS**

- Search conducted in November 2018 in: Medline, Embase, CINAHL, PsychINFO, Scopus, Cochrane Library, DBLP and ACM digital Library, with additional manual search
- Terms searched: (mhealth) AND (behavior change) AND (uptake OR engagement)
- Inclusion criteria:
- ✓ adult population aged 18 and over
- $\checkmark$  the digital intervention was a smartphone health or wellbeing behavior change app
- outcomes were uptake and/or engagement, or factors associated to these
- Title and abstract: 10%, full text 20% double screened to reduce selection bias
- Data extraction is performed by the first author and will be checked for accuracy by another author.
- Integrated methodology will be used and the convergent design (Figure 1.). Data will be converted: quantitative  $\rightarrow$ qualitative





'BSPHN Annual Conference, 27<sup>th</sup> February 2019'

# **4. PRELIMINARY RESULTS**

# **5. FUTURE IMPLICATIONS**

• This review is part of a funded PhD project and the findings will inform the development of web-based interventions that aims to promote uptake and engagement with health and wellbeing smartphone apps.

• The results will also inform stakeholders in public health and policymakers, digital behaviour change intervention developers and providers on the optimisation of health and wellbeing app uptake and engagement.

• Furthermore, this study aligns with the NHS long term plan, 'Digital First', which has a primary focus on digitally-enabled care.



cords identified through datab onal records identified throu searching (n=7633) Records after duplicates removed Record excluded title/abstract (n=5495) (n=5433) Records excluded, with reas no full text available (n=2 conference paper (n=10 Full-text articles assessed for usability study (n=3) eligibility (n=62) outcomes unrelated t research question (n=3) requires additional gadget not app (n=2) age group 13 - 39 (n=2) Studies included in qualitative synthesis (n= 38) Studies<br/>includedStudies included<br/>(mixed-<br/>(quantitative)Studies included<br/>included<br/>(qualitative)<br/>(n=15)Studies included<br/>(qualitative)<br/>(n=20) Figure 2. PRISMA flow diagram of the citations reviewed. Moher et al., 2009

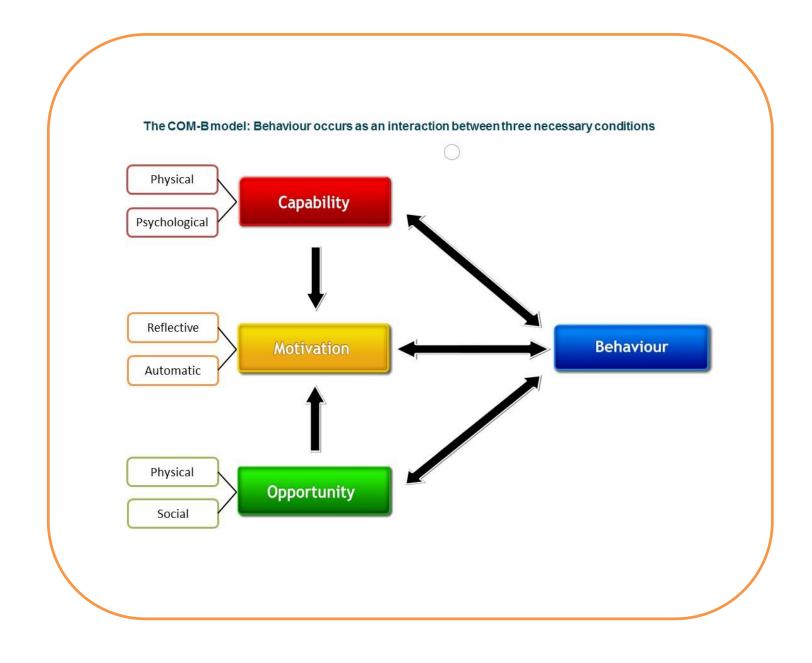


Figure 4. COM-B model. Michie et al. (2011).

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